

### ĐỀ MINH HỌA TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 NĂM HỌC 2024 – 2025

### MÔN TIẾNG ANH

Thời gian: 45 phút

Choose A, B, C or D to indica		2 00	rs from the other three	
in pronunciation in each of th				
<b>Question 1:</b> A. marinated	B. afford <u>ed</u>	C. appli <u>ed</u>	D. operat <u>ed</u>	
<b>Question 2:</b> A. <u>k</u> nowledge	B. <u>k</u> nifepoint	C. <u>k</u> nee	D. ba <u>k</u> ery	
Choose A, B, C or D to indica	ate the word that dij	ffers from the other t	hree in the position of	
primary stress in each of the f	ollowing questions.			
<b>Question 3:</b> A. touchdown	B. accent	C. global	D. repeat	
Question 4: A. adventure	B. audience	C. basketball	D. character	
Choose A, B, C or D to indi	icate the underlined	part that needs cor	rection in each of the	
following questions.				
<b>Question 5:</b> The applicants $\underline{\mathbf{w}}$ an interview.	hom meet the requir	ements for the position	on will be contacted for	
A. whom	B. meet	C. will	D. an interview	
Question 6: Although I began				
A. began	B. before	C. more fluent	D. do	
<b>Question 7:</b> The test we <u>did</u> w				
A. did	B. too	C. couldn't	D. in	
Choose A, B, C or D to indicate	te the correct answei	r to each of the follow	ing questions.	
Question 8: We were late bec				
train station, Susan		1		
A. got / had left		B. had got / were	leaving	
C. had got / left		_	D. were getting / left	
Question 9: John would be tak	ing a great risk if he	0 0		
A. would invest		C. had invested	D. invests	
Question 10: The teacher sugg				
going to bed.	, ested that the staden	<u> </u>	nome work serore	
A. must finish	B. finishes	C. finished	D. should finish	
<b>Question 11:</b> Drivers are advis				
A. setting in	B. setting up		•	
Question 12: Those curtains at	~ ~	_	_	
A. to wash	B. washing	-	D. washed	
11. W Wasii	D. washing	C. Have washed	D. washed	

Question 13: Tim cannot remember the name of Japanese restaurant he ate his				
favorite sashimi.				
A. which B. wh	nose C. where	D. whom		
Question 14: Nowadays, more as	nd more young people do	work because they want		
to help those whose lives are mor	re difficult than their own.			
A. voluntary B. pro	ofitable C. influential	D. ordinary		
Question 15: Lila still felt delig	thted only a few of he	er friends gave her birthday		
presents.				
A. because B. in	spite of C. although	D. due to		
Question 16: We have been to	thecave in the northea	st of that region. It was so		
amazing!				
A. new discovery	B. new disco	vered		
C. newly discovered	D. newly disc	covering		
Choose A, B, C or D to indicate	the most suitable response to com	plete each of the following		
exchanges.				
Question 17: Linda and Mary are	e talking to each other.			
Linda: "Let's open a small craft	store to raise money for the poor vi	llagers!"		
Mary: ""				
A. That's a good idea!	B. Thanks, I can ma	nage.		
C. No problem.	D. That's the way it	is.		
Question 18: Jane and Mary are talking about tourism.				
Jane: "Is tourism something that only rich people can take part in?"				
Mary: ""				
A. Rich people tend to spend lux	urious holidays.			
B. Not really. So many cheap hol	idays are being offered these days.			
C. Cheap holidays give you a cha	ance to travel to more places.			
D. Places of attractions are always full of visitors.				
Choose A, B, C or D to indicate	the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning	g to the underlined word(s)		
in each of the following question	ıs.			
Question 19: He had never expe	erienced such <u>discourtesy</u> towards	the president as it occurred		
at the annual meeting in May.				
A. politeness B. rudeness	C. encouragement	D. measurement		
	rviewed vou should concentrate	on what the interviewer is		
Question 20: When being inter	viewed, you bliodid collectifiate	on what the interviewer is		
Question 20: When being intersaying or asking you.	eviewed, you should <u>concentrate</u>	on what the interviewer is		
	·	D. express interest to		
saying or asking you.	·			
saying or asking you.  A. be related to B. be interes	·	D. express interest to		
saying or asking you.  A. be related to B. be interes	the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning	D. express interest to		
saying or asking you.  A. be related to B. be interest  Choose A, B, C or D to indicate in each of the following question	the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning	D. express interest to		

	eric can help i	in <b>boosting</b> imm	nune system and fight o	off free radical attacks in		
the system.						
A. destroying	B. enhancing	g (	C. weakening	D. stopping		
Read the following	passage and	choose A, B, C	or D to indicate the c	correct word and phrase		
that best fits each o	f the number	ed blanks.				
It has long been	suspected that	t lack of sleep c	an actually lead to illne	ess, particularly in young		
people. Research i	nvolving stud	lents aged 14-1	19 over a three-week	period now appears to		
confirm (23)						
The teenagers	wore devices	that recorded	the movements the	y made, without being		
(24)of th	nem, which in	ndicated they w	ere asleep. The results	s were then compared to		
the number of illnes	sses that they	had (25)	from during the th	ree weeks, in addition to		
the number of occas	sions on which	n they had been	absent from school.			
What the stu	idy showed th	at students who	slept (26)	than seven hours a night		
caught colds, flu an	nd other relati	ve minor illness	ses more often. The pro-	oblem is that as children		
enter their teens the	ir natural slee	ping patterns ch	nange, resulting in then	n going to sleep later and		
therefore wanting to	o wake up late	er – (27)	they still have to	get up in the morning to		
go to school.						
Question 23: A. thi	is	B. that	C. these	D. those		
Question 24: A. aw	vake	B. aware	C. familiar	D. sensitive		
Question 25: A. car	use	B. affected	C. suffered	D. experience		
Question 26: A. mo	ore	B. smaller	C. longer	D. fewer		
Question 27: A. bu	.t	B. so	C. because	D. or		
Read the following	nassago ana	l choose A R	C or D to indicate th	ne correct answer to the		
following questions		<i>i choose</i> 11, <i>D</i> ,	c or b to marcure m	e correct unswer to the		
• • •		seen enormous	changes in the way p	eople's lives are affected		
			• • •	e today most people use		
• •	-	-	and the Internet is an ev	• •		
				il makes communication		
-		•		business, commerce, and		
				nceivable subject is now		
available to us. Clearly, for many people this has made life much easier and more convenient.						
However, not all the effects of the new technology have been beneficial. Many people feel						
that the widespread use of e-mail is destroying traditional forms of communication such as letter						
writing, telephone and face-to-face conversation. In addition, the huge size of the Web means it						
is almost impossible to control and regulate. This has led to many concerns regarding children						
accessing unsuitable websites. In conclusion, developments in IT have brought many benefits,						
yet I believe developments relating to new technology in the future are likely to produce many						
negative effects that will need to be addressed very carefully.						
Question 28: In the last twenty years,						
A. there have been of	dramatic chan	ges in the field	of computer science.			
B. people's lives have been changed a lot because of the invention of the computer.						

C. the World Wide Web and e-mail com	munication have affected modern life.			
D. there have been developments in telec	comunications.			
Question 29: According to the passage,	e-mail			
A. reduces face-to-face contact	B. can be checked quickly and easily			
C. is used only in business	D. takes a lot of time to transmit			
Question 30: The World Wide Web and	e-mail communication			
A. causes a busy and exciting life	B. have also been used for education purpose			
C. is difficult to get access to	D. is destroying traditional customs			
Question 31: Which sentence is NOT m	entioned?			
A. The World Wide Web is difficult to navigate.				
B. The World Wide Web provides information.				
C. The World Wide Web is difficult to control.				
D. E-mail communication is quick and ea	asy.			
<b>Question 32:</b> The writer thinks future IT developments will be				
A more positive R more negative	C more rapid D unexpected			

### Choose A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

#### Question 33: I have recently come back to Paris. It is still as beautiful as a pearl.

- A. I have recently come back to Paris, where is still as beautiful as a pearl.
- B. I have recently come back to Paris, when is still as beautiful as a pearl.
- C. I have recently come back to Paris, which is still as beautiful as a pearl.
- D. I have recently come back to Paris, that is still as beautiful as a pearl.

# Question 34: My brother wants to buy a new smartphone, but he doesn't have enough money.

- A. My brother wishes he had enough money for a new smartphone.
- B. My brother wishes he has enough money to buy a new smartphone.
- C. My brother wished he wanted to buy a new smartphone.
- D. My brother wish he had enough money to buy a new smartphone.

#### Question 35: They say that many people are homeless after the tsunami.

- A. They say that many people to have been homeless after the tsunami.
- B. They say many people to be homeless after the tsunami.
- C. It is said that many people are homeless after the tsunami.
- D. Many people were said to be homeless after the tsunami.

#### Question 36: Tom said: "I have already had breakfast, so I am not hungry now".

- A. Tom said he had already had breakfast, so he is not hungry then.
- B. Tom said he had already had breakfast, so he is not hungry now.
- C. Tom said he had already had breakfast, so he was not hungry now.
- D. Tom said he had already had breakfast, so he was not hungry then.

#### Question 37: My grandparents usually get up early in winter mornings.

- A. My grandparents are used to getting up early in winter mornings.
- B. My grandparents are used to get up early in winter mornings.
- C. My grandparents used to get up early in winter mornings.

D. My grandparents used to getting up early in winter mornings.

#### Question 38: I cannot send her the invitation because I don't know her address.

- A. If I know her address, I can send her the invitation.
- B. I couldn't send her the invitation if I didn't know her address.
- C. If I knew her address, I could send her the invitation.
- D. I could have sent her the invitation if I had known her address.

## Choose A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is best written from the words/phrases given.

#### Question 39: Although/ rain/ very hard, all students/ come/ class/ time/ this morning.

- A. Although it rained very hard, all students came to class on time this morning.
- B. Although it rains very hard, all students came to class on time this morning.
- C. Although it rained very hard, all students had come to class on time this morning.
- D. Although it had rained very hard, all students came to class on time this morning.

#### Question 40: this time/ next Sunday/, trees/ plant/ around our school.

- A. At this time next Sunday, trees will be planted around our school.
- B. On this time next Sunday, trees will plant around our school.
- C. During this time next Sunday, trees will be planted around our school.
- D. At this time next Sunday, trees will being planted around our school.

-THE END -